

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

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Independent Auditors' Report

TO THE MAYOR AND COUNCIL OF THE VILLAGE OF ROSEMARY

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of Rosemary, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2018, and the statements of operations, change in net financial assets and cash flows the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Village of Rosemary as at December 31, 2018, the results of its operations, change in its net financial assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Village of Rosemary in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for private enterprises, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable

the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Village of Rosemary's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Village of Rosemary or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Village of Rosemary's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these non-consolidated financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the non-consolidated financial statements, whether



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due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the nonconsolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Village of Rosemary to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provided those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Debt Limit Regulation:

In accordance with Alberta Regulation 255/2000, we confirm that the municipality is in compliance with the Debt Limit Regulation. A detailed account of the Village of Rosemary's debt limit can be found in note 9.

Supplementary Accounting Principles and Standards Regulation:

In accordance with Alberta Regulation 313/2000, we confirm that the municipality is in compliance with the Supplementary Accounting Principles and Standards Regulation and the information required can be found in note

Johnston Morrison Hunter & Co. Professional Corporation

Chartered Professional Accountants

Brooks, Alberta March 19, 2019



Statement of Financial Position December 31, 2018

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash and temporary investments (Note 2)	397,656	420,697
Taxes and grants in place of taxes (Note 3)	38,097	14,929
Trade and other receivables	59,866	45,419
Land held for resale inventory	153,468	105,647
Investments (Note 4)	10	10
Other financial assets	10,900	10,900
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS	659,997	597,602
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	31,952	30,969
Deferred revenue (Note 6)	259,280	202,878
Long-term debt (Note 8)	53,208	57,576
	344,440	291,423
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (DEBT)	315,557	306,179
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Tangible capital assets (Note 10)	5,630,730	5,511,767
Prepaid expenses	8,197	7,201
•	5,638,927	5,518,968
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Note 12)	5,954,484	5,825,147



Statement of Operations For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Budget	2018	2017
	\$	\$	\$
REVENUE			
Net municipal taxes, Schedule 3	269,962	264,203	262,943
Government transfers for operating, Schedule 4	161,529	160,902	209,526
Investment income	1,504	2,978	660
User fees and sale of goods	202,155	194,941	203,323
Penalties and costs of taxes	5,000	9,879	5,805
Franchise and concession contracts	40,000	38,527	39,166
Other	9,356	5,217	19,108
	689,506	676,647	740,531
EXPENSES			
Legislative	30,500	29,093	27,769
Administration	168,954	166,024	156,566
Fire, ambulance and bylaws enforcement	108,725	112,300	116,012
Roads, streets, walks and lighting	190,579	184,652	188,970
Water and wastewater	172,112	166,419	164,364
Waste management	36,101	36,181	35,954
Parks and recreation	64,633	63,645	94,151
Other	24,780	7,424	7,980
	796,384	765,738	791,766
SHORTFALL OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES BEFORE			
OTHER	(106,878)	(89,091)	(51,235)
OTHER			
Government transfers for capital, Schedule 4	230,491	218,428	81,580
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	123,613	129,337	30,345
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	5,825,147	5,825,147	5,794,802
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR, Schedule 1	5,948,760	5,954,484	5,825,147



Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets (Debt) For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Budget	2018	2017
	\$	\$	\$
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	123,613	129,337	30,345
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Contributed tangible capital assets	(376,572)	(309,640) -	(97,887)
Proceeds on the disposal of tangible capital assets	32,198	32,234	3,000
Amortization of tangible capital assets	179,000	178,677	176,970
Gain on sale of tangible capital assets		(20,234)	(3,000)
	(165,374)	(118,963)	79,083
Acquisition of prepaid assets	-	(8,197)	(7,201)
Use of prepaid assets	<u>-</u>	7,201	6,948
		(996)	(253)
INCREASE IN NET ASSETS	(41,761)	9,378	109,175
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (DEBT), BEGINNING OF YEAR	306,179	306,179	197,004
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (DEBT), END OF YEAR	264,418	315,557	306,179

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VILLAGE OF ROSEMARY

Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Excess of revenue over expenses	129,337	30,345
Non-cash items included in excess of revenue over expenses:		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	178,677	176,970
Gain on sale of tangible capital assets	(20,234)	(3,000)
Non-cash charges to operations (net change):		
(Increase) in taxes and grants in place	(23,168)	(4,309)
(Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables	(14,447)	35,356
(Increase) decrease in land held for resale inventory	(47,821)	13,445
Decrease in other financial asset	-	1,090
(Increase) in prepaid expenses	(996)	(253)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	983	(339,556)
Increase in deferred revenue	56,402	137,425
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING TRANSACTIONS	258,733	47,513
CAPITAL ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(309,640)	(97,887)
Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets	32,234	3,000
CASH APPLIED TO CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS	(277,406)	(94,887)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
(Increase) in restricted cash or cash equivalents	(54,747)	(147,499)
CASH APPLIED TO INVESTING TRANSACTIONS	(54,747)	(147,499)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Long-term debt repaid	(4,368)	(4,121)
CASH APPLIED TO FINANCING TRANSACTIONS	(4,368)	(4,121)
CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(77,788)	(198,994)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	228,355	427,349
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	150,567	228,355
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS ARE MADE UP OF:		
Cash and temporary investments (Note 2)	397,656	420,697
Less: restricted portion of cash and temporary investments (Note 2)	(247,089)	(192,342)
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Schedule of Changes in Accumulated Surplus For The Year Ended December 31, 2018 Schedule 1

	Unrestricted Surplus	Restricted 7	Equity in Fangible Capital Assets	2018	2017
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
					\$
Balance, beginning of year	197,314	173,642	5,454,191	5,825,147	5,794,802
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	129,337	-	-	129,337	30,345
Restricted funds used for fire department	46,506	(46,506)	-	-	-
Current year funds used for tangible capital assets	(309,640)	-	309,640	-	-
Disposal of tangible capital assets	12,000	-	(12,000)	-	-
Annual amortization expense	178,677	-	(178,677)	-	-
Long term debt repaid	(4,368)		4,368		_
Change in accumulated surplus	52,512	(46,506)	123,331	129,337	30,345
Balance, end of year	249,826	127,136	5,577,522	5,954,484	5,825,147

Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets For The Year Ended December 31, 2018 Schedule 2

	Land	Land Improvements	Buildings	Engineered Structures	Machinery & Equipment	Vehicles	2018	2017
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cost: Balance, beginning of year Acquisition of tangible capital	177,945	289,382	206,101	6,912,039	247,480	324,017	8,156,964	8,081,747
assets	13,100	52,412		186,895	57,233	-	309,640	97,887
Disposal of tangible capital assets Write down of tangible	-	-	-	-	(40,000)	(12,450)	(52,450)	(8,115)
capital assets	-					<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(14,555)
Balance, end of year	191,045	341,794	206,101	7,098,934	264,713	311,567	8,414,154	8,156,964
Accumulated Amortization: Balance, beginning of year Annual amortization	- -	83,591 14,608	63,213 4,123	2,122,705 126,245	182,471 18,836	193,217 14,865	2,645,197 178,677	2,490,897 176,970
Accumulated amortization on disposals Accumulated amortization on write down of tangible	-	-	-	-	(28,000)	(12,450)	(40,450)	(8,115)
capital assets	-	-			<u> </u>	-		(14,555)
Balance, end of year		98,199	67,336	2,248,950	173,307	195,632	2,783,424	2,645,197
Net Book Value of Tangible Capital Assets	191,045	243,595	138,765	4,849,984	91,406	115,935	5,630,730	5,511,767



Schedule of Property And Other Taxes For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 Schedule 3

	Budget	2018	2017
	\$	\$	\$
TAXATION			
Real property taxes	339,348	335,124	332,574
	339,348	335,124	332,574
REQUISITIONS			
Alberta School foundation fund	64,084	65,619	64,348
Newell seniors foundation	5,302	5,302	5,283
	69,386	70,921	69,631
NET MUNICIPAL TAXES	269,962	264,203	262,943



Schedule of Government Transfers For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 Schedule 4

	Budget	2018	2017
	\$	\$	\$
TRANSFERS FOR OPERATING			
Provincial government	98,263	93,200	74,725
Other local governments	63,266	67,702	134,801
	161,529	160,902	209,526
TRANSFERS FOR CAPITAL			
Provincial government	189,491	174,928	81,580
Other local governments	41,000	43,500	-
	230,491	218,428	81,580
TOTAL GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS	392,020	379,330	291,106



Schedule of Expenses by Object For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 Schedule 5

	Budget	2018	2017
	\$	\$	\$
EXPENDITURES			
Salaries, wages and benefits	222,450	236,102	231,750
Contracted and general services	176,030	137,399	174,982
Materials, goods and utilities	151,415	144,601	135,428
Interest on long-term debt	3,455	3,455	3,702
Amortization of tangible capital assets	179,000	178,677	176,970
Other expenditures	64,034	65,504	68,934
	796,384	765,738	791,766

Schedule of Segmented Disclosure For The Year Ended December 31, 2018 Schedule 6

	General Government	Protective Services	Transportation Services	Water & Waste Management	Recreation & Culture	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue:						
Net municipal taxes	264,203	-	-	•	-	264,203
Government transfers	, -	43,677	3,920	172,516	159,217	379,330
Investment income	2,977	-	-	-	1	2,978
User fees and sale of goods	5,444	2,896	22,613	160,337	3,651	194,941
Penalties and cost of taxes	9,879	-	-	-	-	9,879
Franchise and concession contracts	38,527		-	-	-	38,527
Other revenues	5,217	-	. <u> </u>			5,217
	326,247	46,573	26,533	332,853	162,869	895,075
Expenses:						
Salaries & wages	109,317	22,684	64,422	39,679	-	236,102
Contracted & general services	31,381	27,146	6,143	61,083	11,646	137,399
Goods & supplies	50,534	32,531	43,287	13,440	4,809	144,601
Long-term debt interest	•	3,455	-	-	-	3,455
Other expenses	3,303	4,767	1,076	16,351	40,007	65,504
	194,535	90,583	114,928	130,553	56,462	587,061
Net revenue, before amortization	131,712	(44,010)	(88,395)	202,300	106,407	308,014
Amortization expense	(581)	(21,718)	(69,722)	(72,048)	(14,608)	(178,677)
Net Revenue	131,131	(65,728)	(158,117)	130,252	91,799	129,337



Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

1. Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Village of Rosemary are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board ("PSAB") of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants ("CICA"). Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Village of Rosemary are as follows:

Reporting Entity

The financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures, changes in fund balances, and change in financial position of the Village of Rosemary.

The schedule of taxes levied also includes requisitions for education, health, social and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

The statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties. Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Village's policy is to disclose bank balances under cash and cash equivalents, including bank overdrafts with balances that fluctuate frequently from being positive to overdrawn and term deposits with a maturity period of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Term deposits that the entity cannot use for current transactions because they are pledged as security are also excluded from cash and cash equivalents.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the period. Where measurement uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Investments

Investments are recorded at amortized cost. Investment premiums and discounts are amortized on the net present value basis over the term of the respective investments. When there has been a loss in value that is other than a temporary decline, the respective investment is written down to recognize the loss.



Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

Requisition Over-Levy and Under-Levy

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned.

If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. Where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the under-levy is accrued as a receivable and as property tax revenue. Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any over-levies or under-levies of the prior year.

Inventories for Resale

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping and leveling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as water and wastewater services, road, sidewalks and street lighting are recorded as capital assets under their respective function.

Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be determined.

Tax Revenue

Tax revenues are recognized when the tax has been authorized by bylaw and the taxable event has occurred. Requisitions operate as a flow through and are excluded from municipal revenue.

Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the consolidated Change in Net Financial Assets (Debt) for the year.



Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

	Years
Land improvements	15-20
Buildings	25-50
Engineered structures	
Water system	35-65
Wastewater system	35-65
Other engineered structures	15-40
Machinery and equipment	5-20
Vehicles	3-20

Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

Contaminated Site Liability

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. A liability for remediation of a contaminated site is recognized when a site is not in productive use and is management's estimate of the cost of post-remediation including operation, maintenance and monitoring.

Measurement of Financial Instruments

The entity initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value, except for certain non-arm's length transactions.

The entity subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in net income.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, term deposits and accounts receivable.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and long-term debt.

Impairment

Financial assets measured at cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. The amount of the write-down is recognized in net income. The previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement, directly or by adjusting the allowance account, provided it is no greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in net income.

Transaction costs

The entity recognizes its transaction costs in net income in the period incurred. However, financial instruments that will not be subsequently measured at fair value are adjusted by the transaction costs that are directly attributable to their origination, issuance or assumption.



Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

2. Cash and Temporary Investments

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Cash Temporary investments	97,656 300,000	185,697 235,000
• ,	397,656	420,697

Temporary investments are short-term savings accounts bearing interest at 1.35 - 1.50% and are cashable on demand.

Included in cash is a restricted amount of \$247,089 (2017 - \$192,342) received from external sources and held exclusively for capital and operating projects.

3. Taxes and Grants in Place of Taxes

		2018	2017
		\$	\$
	Current taxes Non-current taxes	30,073 8,024	12,435 2,494
		38,097	14,929
4.	Investments	2018	2017
		\$	\$
	Newell Regional Services Corporation, common shares	10	10

5. Bank Advances

A line of credit facility of up to \$100,000. Secured by Municipal Borrowing By-Law 443/14 (Chief Elected Officer and Chief Administrative Officer are authorized on behalf of the Village to execute promissory notes or other negotiable instruments and transfer any present and future property, real or personal, movable or immovable, to furnish security for the debt). Due on demand with interest calculated at prime less 0.25%. No balance was outstanding at year-end.



Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

6. Deferred Revenue

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Alberta conditional grants Taxes paid in advance Deposits on land held for resale	247,089 11,191 1,000	192,342 9,536 1,000
	259,280	202,878

Alberta conditional grants were received from external sources and have not been expended in the current year.

The use of these funds is restricted to eligible capital and operating projects, as approved under the funding agreements, scheduled for completion in 2019. Unexpended funds related to the advance are supported by cash and temporary investments of \$397,656.

7. Contaminated Sites Liability

On January 1, 2015, the village adopted PS3260 Liability for Contaminated Sites. The standard was applied on a retroactive basis. No contaminated sites were identified in 2018 therefore no adjustments were made to the financial liabilities, tangible capital assets or accumulated surplus of the Village.

7,823

7,823

VILLAGE OF ROSEMARY

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

8. Long-Term Debt

		2018	2017
		\$	\$
Tax supported debentures		53,208	57,576
The current portion of long-term debt is \$4,630 (20)17 - \$4,368).		
Principal and interest repayments are as follows:			
	Principal	Interest	Total
	\$	\$	\$
2019	4,630	3,193	7,823

2022 5,515 2,308 7,823 2023 5,846 1,977 7,823 2024 and on 27,106 4,183 31,289 53,208 17,196 70,404 Debenture debt is repayable to Alberta Capital Finance Authority and bears interest at 6% per annum and

4,908

5,203

2,915

2,620

matures in 2027. The average annual interest rate is 6.24% for 2018 (6.21% for 2017). For qualifying debentures, the Province of Alberta rebates 60% of interest in excess of 8% to 12.5% depending on the date borrowed. Debenture debt is issued on the credit and security of the Village of Rosemary at large.

Interest on long-term debt amounted to \$3,455 (2017 - \$3,702).

2020

2021

The Village's total cash payments for interest in 2018 was \$3,455 (2017 - \$3,702).



Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

9. Debt Limits

Section 276 [2] of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/2000 for the Village of Rosemary be disclosed as follows:

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Total debt limit Total debt	1,014,970 53,208	1,110,797 57,576
Amount of debt limit unused	961,762	1,053,221
Debt servicing limit Debt servicing	169,162 7,823	185,133 7,823
Amount of debt servicing limit unused	161,339	177,310

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the municipality (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/00) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities that could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the municipality. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

10. Tangible Capital Assets

	2018	2017
Net Book Value	\$	\$
Land	191,045	177,945
Land improvements	243,595	205,791
Buildings	138,765	142,888
Engineered Structures		
Roadway system	666,437	692,473
Sidewalk, curb and gutter	299,676	313,354
Water distribution system	1,739,055	1,719,130
Wastewater system	1,102,077	1,007,156
Storm system	1,042,739	1,057,221
Machinery and equipment	91,406	65,009
Vehicles	<u>115,935</u>	130,800
	5,630,730	5,511,767



Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

11. Equity in Capital Assets

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Tangible capital assets, Schedule 2 Accumulated amortization, Schedule 2 Long-term debt (Note 8)	8,414,154 (2,783,424) (53,208)	8,156,964 (2,645,197) (57,576)
	5,577,522	5,454,191

12. Accumulated Surplus

Accumulated surplus consists of restricted and unrestricted amounts and equity in tangible capital assets as follows:

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Unrestricted surplus	249,826	197,314
Restricted surplus Fire department General operations Equity in tangible capital assets	15,000 112,136 5,577,522	61,506 112,136 5,454,191
	<u>5,954,484</u>	5,825,147

13. Segmented Disclosure

The Village of Rosemary provides a range of services to its ratepayers. For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements as disclosed in Note 1.

Refer to the Schedule of Segmented Disclosure (Schedule 6).

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

14. Salary and Benefits Disclosure

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for municipal officials, the chief administrative officer and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

	2018		2017	
	Salary	Benefits and allowances	Total	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Mayor	7,425	194	7,619	5,994
Deputy Mayor	5,700	109	5,809	5,619
Councillor 2 Municipal	5,063	79	5,142	6,226
administrator	49,015	12,357	61,372	54,755

- 1) Salary includes regular base pay, bonuses, overtime, lump sum payments, gross honoraria, per diems and any other direct cash remuneration.
- 2) Benefits and allowances includes employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including pension, healthcare, dental coverage, vision coverage, group life insurance, professional memberships and tuition.

15. Financial Instruments

The Village's financial instruments consist of cash and temporary investments, receivables, investments, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, deferred revenue, and long-term debt. It is management's opinion that the Village is not exposed to significant interest or currency risk arising from these financial statements.

The Village is subject to credit risk with respect to taxes and grants in place of taxes receivables and trade and other receivables. Credit risk arises from the possibility that taxpayers and entities to which the Village provides services may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfill their obligations. The large number and diversity of taxpayers and customers minimizes the credit risk.

Unless otherwise noted, the fair value of the financial instruments approximates their carrying values.

16. Budgeted Figures

The budgeted figures, approved by Council on May 7, 2018, have not been audited and are presented for information purposes only.

17. Approval of Financial Statements

These financial statements were approved by Council and Administration on March 19, 2019.